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APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE		ILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/531,675 04/15/2005		04/15/2005	Young-Hyeon Kwag	93874.00101	1900
29880	7590	06/20/2006		EXAMINER	
FOX ROT			KIM, TAEYOON		
		ORPORATE CENTI BUILDING #3	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
		NJ 08648	1651		
				DATE MAILED: 06/20/200	6

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No. Applicant(s)			
055 - 4-4 - 0		0/531,675	KWAG ET AL.	KWAG ET AL.	
Office Action Summa	Ty Ex	caminer	Art Unit		
		eyoon Kim	1651		
The MAILING DATE of this con Period for Reply	nmunication appear	s on the cover sheet	with the correspondence a	ddress	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM T  - Extensions of time may be available under the proafter SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of thi  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maxin  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for Any reply received by the Office later than three mearned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.70	HE MAILING DATE visions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). s communication. mum statutory period will ap or reply will, by statute, caus ionths after the mailing date	OF THIS COMMUN.  In no event, however, may oply and will expire SIX (6) Mose the application to become	IICATION. a reply be timely filed  ONTHS from the mailing date of this of ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. & 133)		
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(	s) filed on 15 April :	2005			
2a)☐ This action is <b>FINAL</b> .		ion is non-final.			
3) Since this application is in cond	<i>,</i> —		itters, prosecution as to th	e merits is	
closed in accordance with the p		·	•		
Disposition of Claims	•		,		
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1 and 2</u> is/are pending	in the application.				
4a) Of the above claim(s)	• •	rom consideration.			
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1 and 2</u> is/are rejected	I.				
7) Claim(s) is/are objected					
8) Claim(s) are subject to r		ection requirement.			
Application Papers		·			
9)☐ The specification is objected to	hy the Evaminer				
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is	•	od or h) Objected to	hy the Evaminer		
Applicant may not request that any					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) incl				·ED 1 121(d)	
11) The oath or declaration is objec				• •	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a c	laim for foreign pric	ority under 35 U.S.C.	& 119(a)-(d) or (f)		
a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None		,	3 1 10(4) (4) 51 (1).		
1.⊠ Certified copies of the pri		ve been received.			
2. Certified copies of the pri			Application No		
3. Copies of the certified co				Stage	
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* See the attached detailed Office		` ''	t received.		
		, p. 100			
Attachment(s)					
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)		4) Interview	Summary (PTO-413)		
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Rev		Paper No	o(s)/Mail Date	_	
<ul> <li>Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-14 Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>04/15/2005</u>.</li> </ul>	149 or PTO/SB/08)	5)  Notice of Other: _	Informal Patent Application (PTO	O-152)	

## **DETAILED ACTION**

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#### Information Disclosure Statement

1. The information disclosure statement filed on April 15, 2005 fails to comply with 37 CFR 1.98(a)(2), which requires a legible copy of each cited foreign patent document; each non-patent literature publication or that portion which caused it to be listed; and all other information or that portion which caused it to be listed. It has been placed in the application file, but the information referred to therein has not been considered.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

2. Claim 2 provides for the use of *Corynebacterium ammoniagenes* CJXOL 0201, but, since the claim does not set forth any steps involved in the method/process, it is unclear what method/process applicant is intending to encompass. A claim is indefinite where it merely recites a use without any active, positive steps delimiting how this use is actually practiced.

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

3. Claims 1 and 2 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the enablement requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to enable one skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and/or use the invention.

The invention appears to use novel biological materials, specifically Corynebacterium ammoniagenes CJXOL 0201. Since the biological materials are essential to the claimed invention they must be obtainable by a repeatable method set forth in the specification or otherwise readily available to the public. If the biological materials are not so obtainable or available, the requirements of 35 U.S.C. § 112 may be satisfied by a deposit of the biological materials. The specification does not disclose a repeatable process to obtain the biological materials and it is not apparent if the biological materials are readily available to the public. It is noted that Applicant has deposited the biological material under Budapest Treaty at the Korean Culture Center of Microorganisms (p. 3 of the specification), but there is no indication in the specification as to public availability. If the deposit is made under the Budapest Treaty, then an affidavit or declaration by Applicant, or a statement by an attorney of record over his or her signature and registration number, stating that the specific biological materials have been deposited under the Budapest Treaty and that the biological materials will be irrevocably and without restriction or condition released to the public upon the issuance of a patent, would satisfy the deposit requirement made herein. Applicant's attention is directed to MPEP §2400 in general, and specifically to §2411.05, as well as to 37

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C.F.R. §1.809(d), wherein it is set forth that "the specification shall contain the accession number for the deposit, the date of the deposit, the name and address of the depository, and a description of the deposited material sufficient to specifically identify it and to permit examination." The specification should be amended to include this information, however, Applicant is cautioned to avoid the entry of new matter into the specification by adding any other information.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

- 4. Claim 1 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claimed invention is directed to non-statutory subject matter. *Corynebacterium ammoniagenes* CJXOL 0201 is disclosed as a mutant strain of *Corynebacterium ammoniagenes* KCCM 10340. Since mutation do occur spontaneously in nature, *Corynebacterium ammoniagenes* CJXOL 0201 may exist in nature. A microorganism existing in nature, not made by man, is a non-statutory subject matter and therefore, it is not patentable. To overcome this rejection, Applicant is advised to amend this claim by inserting terms such as "biologically pure culture" or "isolated" in Claim 1.
- 5. Claim 2 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claimed recitation of a use, without setting forth any steps involved in the process, results in an improper definition of a process, i.e., results in a claim which is not a proper process claim under 35

U.S.C. 101. See for example Ex parte Dunki, 153 USPQ 678 (Bd.App. 1967) and

Clinical Products, Ltd. v. Brenner, 255 F. Supp. 131, 149 USPQ 475 (D.D.C. 1966).

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 6. Claims 1 and 2 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Livshits et al. (USPG-Pub US2002/0098552 A1; published on Jul. 25, 2002).

Claims 1 and 2 are directed to a mutant strain of *Corynebacterium*ammoniagenes having a resistance to oligomycin and producing 5'-xanthylic acid and a method of producing 5'-xanthylic acid using the strain.

Livshits et al. teach mutant strains of *Corynebacterium ammoniagenes* having an ability to produce xanthosiine-5'-monophosphate (also known as 5'-xanthylic acid) with a resistance to oligomycin.

The Patent and Trademark Office is not equipped to conduct experimentation in order to determine whether or not applicants' *Corynebacterium ammoniagenes* differs, and if so to what extent, from the *Corynebacterium ammoniagenes* strains discussed in Livshits et al. Accordingly, it has been established that the prior art *Corynebacterium ammoniagenes*, which (has the same genus and species classification and share the property of being able to produce 5'-xanthylic acid), demonstrates a reasonable

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probability that it is either identical or sufficiently similar to the claimed Corynebacterium ammoniagenes that whatever differences exist are not patentably significant.

Therefore, the burden of establishing novelty or unobviousness by objective evidence is shifted to applicants.

Merely because a characteristic of a known strain is not disclosed in a reference does not make the known strain patentable. The known strain possesses inherent characteristics which might not be displayed in the tests used the reference. However, the microbe disclosed may be the same microbe as claimed. Clear evidence that the strains of the cited prior art do not possess a critical characteristic that is possessed by the claimed strain, would advance prosecution and might permit allowance of claims to applicants' strain.

#### Conclusion

### 7. No claims are allowed.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Taeyoon Kim whose telephone number is 571-272-9041. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:00 am - 4:30 pm ET (Mon-Fri).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Michael Wityshyn can be reached on 571-272-0926. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Taeyoon Kim Patent Examiner Art Unit 1651 SANDRA E. SAUCIER

PRHYARY EXAMINER